### MATHEMATICS PARENT GUIDE



# THE FOLLOWING ARE SPECIFIC SKILLS STUDENTS NEED TO ACQUIRE BY THE END OF ALGEBRA 1:

#### **NUMBER SENSE**

▶ Students in Algebra 1 understand irrational numbers. They compute fluently and simplify problems with square roots. They solve for missing sides of a right triangle using the Pythagorean Theorem.

Examples:  $\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2}$ 

What is the measure of the hypotenuse of a right triangle

whose legs measure 3 cm and 5 cm?

### PROPORTIONAL RELATIONSHIPS

▶ Students write and graph equations of lines. They identify and analyze the slope of a line.

Examples: Write an equation for a line going through (3, 10) and (-1, -6).

What is the slope of the line whose equation is 2x - 3y = 7?

### **ALGEBRA**

▶ Students simplify and evaluate algebraic expressions. They solve equations, systems of equations, inequalities, and proportions. They learn to factor and solve equations by factoring.

Example: Multiply  $2x^2y(3x^3 - 4xy + y^4)$ 

Solve  $x^2 + 5x - 14 = 0$ 

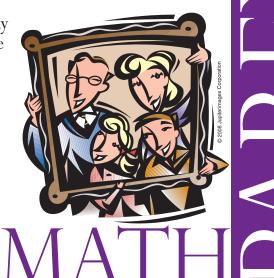
# PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

▶ Students collect, record, organize and display data and estimate equations that describe the data.

Example: Estimate the equation of the line

that goes through (0, 2), (1, 6),

(2, 8), (3, 11).



# MATHEMATICS PARENT GUIDE (CONTINUED)

### **Number Sense**

$$\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2} =$$

$$1\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2} = 4\sqrt{2}$$

What is the measure of the hypotenuse of a right triangle whose legs measure 3 cm and 5 cm?

$$3^{2} + 5^{2} = h^{2}$$
  
 $9 + 25 = 34 = h^{2}$   
 $h = \sqrt{34}$ 

# **Proportional Relationships**

Write an equation for a line going through (3, 10) and (-1, -6).

$$m = \frac{-6 - 10}{-1 - 3} = \frac{-16}{-4} = 4$$

$$y - 10 = 4(x - 3)$$

$$y = 4x - 12 + 10$$

$$y = 4x - 2$$

$$or$$

$$4x - y = 2$$

What is the slope of the line whose equation is 2x - 3y = 7?

$$2x - 3y = 7$$

$$-3y = -2x + 7$$

$$y = \frac{-2}{-3}x + \frac{7}{-3}$$

$$m = \frac{2}{3}$$

# **Algebra**

Multiply 
$$2x^2 y(3x^3 - 4xy + y^4)$$
  
 $2x^2 y(3x^3 - 4xy + y^4)$   
 $6x^5 y - 8x^3 y^2 + 2x^2 y^5$ 

Solve 
$$x^2 + 5x - 14 = 0$$
  
 $(x + 7) (x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = -7$  or 2

# **Probability and Statistics**

Example: Estimate the equation of the line that goes through (0, 2), (1, 6), (2, 8), (3, 11).

X	У
0	2
1	6
2	8
3	11

$$m = \frac{8-2}{2-0} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$$

$$y - 2 = 3x - 0$$

$$y = 3x + 2$$